

The True Northerner.

O. W. ROWLAND - EDITOR

PAW PAW, MICHIGAN, MAR. 20, 1884.

Republican County Convention.

A Republican County Convention will be held at Lawrence, on Friday, the 4th day of April, A. D. 1884, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing thirteen delegates to the Republican State Convention, to be held at Grand Rapids, on the 24th day of April next, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the Convention. The several townships of the county will be entitled to representation as follows:

Adrian	6	Hartford	5
Albion	4	Hamlet	5
Anthony	4	Kalamazoo	5
Bloomington	7	Lawrence	5
Beaumont	11	Pine Grove	7
Columbia	7	Porter	5
Deerfield	5	South Haven	5
Essex	5	Waverly	5

Dated March 13th, 1884.
BING, F. HECKERT, Chairman Rep. Co. Com.

Paw Paw Republican Caucus.

A caucus of the republican electors of the township of Paw Paw will be held at the court house, on Saturday the 23rd day of March 1884, at two o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing twelve delegates to attend the republican county convention to be held at Lawrence, on Friday the 4th day of April next, and for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for township officers to be voted for at the annual town meeting to be held on Monday, the 7th day of April 1884.

C. H. BUTLER,
O. W. ROWLAND,
C. F. HANSON,
Committee.

Albion Republican Caucus.

Notice is hereby given, that the Republicans of the township of Albion will meet at the house of Richard Lewis in said township, on Thursday, the 23rd day of April, 1884, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination persons for the several township officers for the ensuing year. By order Republican Township Committee.

The Paw Paw Greenback club and the Paw Paw Herald, the organ of the greenback party in this county, have declared squarely against the fusion idea. The greenback township committee has been instructed to issue a call for a straight greenback caucus, to nominate a straight greenback ticket for township officers. The president and secretary of the club announce that "fusion is a dead cock in the pit," and the Herald, standing up for principle, says "defeat is more honorable than unprincipled success."

Shall Voters Vote?

This is not a question of party. It is a question of life or death for the principles of republicanism, of democracy, of liberty on which the government itself is founded. The Copiah investigation shows beyond peradventure that the negroes are not to be allowed to vote in the south unless they vote the democratic ticket; it shows, also, that no white man is to be permitted to exercise his choice if he votes at any time threatens the rule of the reigning oligarchy.

That this plan of intimidation has given the minority complete power in the south is a palpable fact. The first stage—that of frightening those who oppose the democratic party into remaining away from the polls—has been passed; the next will be to frighten them into voting as the bourgeois direct, and this consummation is near at hand.

The plain truth is, that in a political sense, the majority of the voters of the south are absolutely without representation. The members of congress returned are the members elected by the minority. The electoral votes cast for president are the votes which the minority of the voting population return.

Is this to continue?

Yes, for mark what the chief of the Copiah county bulldozers, Mr. Dodds, says, echoing the words of all the others of his class:

"So you indorse the resolutions that no man shall organize the negroes?" asked Mr. Hoar.

"Most emphatically. If you should send your biggest man—Gen. Grant—down into our country to organize the negroes he would be killed at once. All our trouble last fall was among the county supervisors. We were determined to elect our men and get rid of the independents. We would have taken human life if it had been necessary in order to get rid of them. Yes, we would do it if they had a majority of the votes. In some cases I deny the right of franchise to the majority, and believe in a qualification to limit the suffrage. We limit it, anyway. I believe it is a moral obligation to get rid of the independents, even if they are in a majority, and that opinion is shared by the good white people. That was the cause of the trouble last fall."

Without moralizing, or appealing to any sentimental feeling in the business, what is likely to be the outcome of it? That it is revolutionary and subversive of the laws and the constitution, all admit. "This country cannot endure half slave and half free," said Mr. Lincoln. We may safely add that neither can it exist with democratic forms in one-half the states and autocratic forms in the other half. It must be all one thing or all the other.—Chicago News.

The Showman's Fate.

Before the show: Mr. Markeli Petroleum Billingswain is admitted by one and all, and everybody else, to be the greatest, best and biggest lecturer, speaker, actor, orator, wit and humorist who ever appeared on any stage, rostrum, platform or stump, either in this world or any other. Whenever he appears before an audience, so many die laughing, that the undertakers know what to expect and are fully prepared with an extra lot of coffins. No one should attend the lecture without having previously made a will, and having procured a life insurance policy.

After the show: Mr. E. P. Billingswain has come and gone and taken his money with him. He is admitted on all hands, to be the biggest humbug, sell and dead beat who ever visited our cities and towns. Of the lowest order, and shines in stolen plumage. It will be a long time before another such sell can call together so large, intelligent and good looking an audience here. Of course we advised you to go and hear him, but now we advise every one to keep his money until some good show shall visit our place, of which we shall make due announcement.

Our Florida Friends.

EDITOR NORTHERNER: In the article on Florida, in your issue of Feb. 28th, is what might seem to be a very small mistake; but it makes a very great difference in what was intended to be a correct representation of this state. Instead of two years bringing returns for money spent on an orange grove it should have read ten. One year to prepare the ground and plant the trees which, when they are seven or eight years old, will bear a few oranges, but will not yield enough to pay even a moiety of interest on first cost. After

that the profits are enormous. For example; one man near here—a native—has been trying for twenty-five years, to make a living by raising cotton, sugar cane and corn, but has barely been able to keep from starving. Fourteen years ago, his wife planted some orange seeds in the yard, to grow some trees for ornament. Five years since they began to bloom, and this year he sold \$75 worth of fruit, 7500 oranges, at an average of one dollar per hundred, all from three trees, which was more than he realized from his farming. Another man, who has quite a grove, pointed to one tree and said "That tree has paid ten per cent. interest on \$500, this year." I repeat that if a person has a few hundred dollars to invest, and enough besides to live on for ten years, he can do no better than to start an orange grove in Florida. Other crops will grow, but the amount of fertilizing required, takes off all the profit. Orange trees require fertilization, but in a less degree than any other crop.

Mr. Editor: I had thought of writing a few lines, as I do but little more than to look around and visit different places, but your Florida correspondent, my friend E. H. B., has shown me her article, and I find she has not only stolen my powder, but fired the gun. I endorse what she has written, and will only say I am enjoying my stay here, in this lovely climate, and land of orange groves. I have met many from the North, some settled here, and very many visitors. Some are seeking health, others pleasure; both are here, and yet all do not find what they seek. One visitor from the North comes to this home each week, and I assure you it is welcome—the true old Northerner—long may it live.

Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

'Twas very early in the morning,
That Paw Paw ladies, twice a score,
Met in earnest, close communion,
And formed a Christian Temperance Union.
Mothers, with love for their sons so fair,
Wives, whose fate had been one long prayer,
Maidens, all saw, in the lurid glare,
Of the Devil's scheme, a deadly snare.

How could our sons, in the darkest gloom,
Trap out the crown of their manhood's bloom?
And wives, how could their hands be sold,
For this gloomy beverage of hell?

In fear of home, in Freedom's land,
We join in union, a praying band:
All weakness we know—the cause is just—
God is our helper, in Him we trust.

DRUGGISTS.

Session Laws, 1883, pages 103-4. They are not permitted to sell, furnish, give or deliver any spirituous, malt, brewed, fermented or vinous liquor, or any mixed liquor, a part of which is spirituous, malt, brewed, fermented or vinous, to a minor, except on the written order of the parent or guardian of such minor. Nor can they sell to any person who is intoxicated, or who is in the habit of getting intoxicated, nor to any person whose husband, wife, parent, child, guardian or employer shall forbid the same, nor to any person to be used as a beverage. They can sell for medicinal, medicinal and sacramental purposes. Each druggist must keep a book, record the names of patrons, date of sales, amount and kind of liquor, and the purposes for which it was applied. Such book must be kept in the store and subject to the inspection of all. They must be held in bonds of not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$3,000, to protect the public against an illegal sale of such liquors.

Bloomington is jubilant over the results of village election. The temperance cause was triumphant. By local option (session laws of 1883, page 45) they can now control the liquor sales in the village for the coming year. Bangor is not far behind. "The world does move."

COUNTY EDITOR, BANGOR.

"Observer" Supplemented

MR. EDITOR: Your very contributor has given us a lively account of the recent corporation election, which, for one who is eligible to membership in the Spectator's fat club, is not bad. It was a very complimentary production, and the sharp side thrusts were given very adroitly. There are, however, some unrecorded facts. It would be a matter of deep regret should they be left to oblivion.

Politicians are just discovering that one of the most powerful weapons in an election is the cigar. Not the fragrant Havana, a suggestion of which is sometimes grateful even to the nostrils of the ladies, but the vilest and rankest compounds, or the mildest and most sapless rolls that have ever been introduced as "two-fers." These perform double duty. They are used by some of our dapper and smug cigarette smokers, not to put in their own mouths—though, judging from the foul language that rolls out in volleys of oaths, this would not be inappropriate—but, first, to give to the ignorant and the poor to whom the lowest grades of tobacco are welcome. A cigar of this grade may conciliate the unsqueamish and turn the scales in favor of a particular candidate. Secondly, these choice and expensive cigars are good to smoke out the respectable. One of our citizens, very active in the recent election, who, judging by the ashes on his cigars—smokes, at least on election days, a costly grade, was overheard to say in effect, "d—n it, let us smoke them out." In accordance with this benevolent suggestion, some of our high-toned young men, whose mouths are as innocent of stimulants or boric acid as the livery of the grade we have mentioned, and soon the air was dense with the rank smoke from these rare and recherche cheroots. We may safely say that Manila in the Philippine Islands, never experienced such fragrance. "We must have liquor!" shouted out one of these lofty minded cigarette smokers and out he rushed to get another load of the tipplers and loafers. In they come each with a cigar. Some, it is said—and there is some ground for the statement—with small bottles of whiskey in their pockets, furnished by generous and selfish hands—by men who will willingly give ten cents with one hand and rob five dollars with the other; in they come, the clean, the noble, the intelligent, the pride of our town and they all to a man vote for a whiskey board, or as near to it as they can come.

Verily the town hall on an election day is a good place for the study of human nature. Through the clouds of tobacco smoke one could clearly see.

1st. That when the issue is made on the subject of temperance, the saloon keepers are thoroughly aroused.

2d. That they have many sympathizers.

3d. That citizens of whom we might reasonably expect better things, are "half-fellows well met" with them on election day.

4th. That men who call themselves respectable will descend to low and vile practices to carry their point.

All of which is respectfully submitted with the suggestion to "Observer" that in writing up elections he put in less "fat" and more photographs of human nature. Has he the moral courage to do it?

REFLECTOR.

A "Falls Route" at Last.

There never yet has been, accurately speaking, a Niagara Falls route between the East and the West. There never has yet been a route by which the man from Kalamazoo, going back to see the folks "down in Maine," could get a fair look at Niagara Falls from his train. We select the man from Kalamazoo for an illustration, not because we have any ill-will for the Gem City of Michigan; but because that euphonically-named crossroads happened to be situated on the Michigan Central railroad. The Michigan Central is not the only road that has advertised all these years—ever since the Suspension Bridge was opened—to be the great and only Niagara Falls route. The public—uparound Kalamazoo and Oshkosh, and thereabouts—is a confiding public. It buys its tickets for its annual eastern trip "by the great Niagara Falls route, and starts for the east in happy anticipation of a view of the Falls that shall equal the pictures and descriptions which adorn the schedules of "the great Niagara Falls route." But, when it gets to Niagara River and finds that the only view of the Falls it has is a most unsatisfactory glimpse from a point a mile and a half down stream, little wonder that it thinks its confidence has been abused, and that it comes to a unanimous verdict that N. J. Falls ain't no great shakes anyhow.

But at last the Michigan Central Railroad Company has opened a through East and West route which is honestly a Niagara Falls route, and which gives the tourist safe and leisurely opportunities to see Niagara Falls—without once leaving his seat. A generous public will accept the new provisions as ample atonement for all previous shortcomings. By the new route the traveler is not simply given a distant and obscure view of the Falls. He is taken down the river on the New York side. From Buffalo to Tonawanda he rides, much of the way, along the river bank, and can study the force and sweep of the current. Then, as he rides along, he has a full view of the two great areas of the river that encompass Great Island. Just before he reaches Niagara Falls, he can see the first break of the river into the upper rapids. He crosses the stream by the new cantilever bridge, and has a general view of the Falls which is better than that heretofore obtained from the old bridge, because it is a nearer view. Then he skirts along above the Canadian bank until "Falls View" is reached. This point of observation has heretofore been reached only by the Niagara City branch of the Canada Southern. It has not been on the East and West route at all. Now all trains stop at "Falls View," which is really one of the finest views of the Falls anywhere to be had.

Certainly such a route may be honestly called a "Niagara Falls route," and the traveling public cannot be long in finding out the genuineness of its attractions. It only remains to add that by the new route, no through Michigan Central trains go directly east from the Falls, but come to Buffalo, thus securing the advantage of all the city connections, and at the same time making fast schedule time on the through route.—Buffalo Express.

Whether the United States are to regain their former pre-eminence as a commercial and naval power on the seas, is a question that no American can contemplate with indifference. The subject is discussed with marked ability in the North American Review for April, by the Hon. Nelson Dingley, M. C., who opposes the project of admitting foreign-built ships to American register, and by Capt. John Codman, who is well known as a zealous advocate of that measure. Judge J. A. Jameson, in the same number of the Review, discusses the question, "shall our Civilization be Preserved," pointing out the means that are at hand for withstanding the various agencies, physical, moral and intellectual, which threaten to overturn our existing civil and social institutions. The Rev. Dr. Philip Schaff gives a sketch of the "Development of Religious Freedom." Dr. Felix L. Oswald writes of "Changes in the Climate of North America," with special reference to the increasing frequency of disastrous floods. Prof. C. A. Eggert offers "A Plea for Modern Languages" in the higher education; and Julian Hawthorne discusses of "Literature for Children." Finally, there is a discussion of "Recent Criticisms of the Bible," by the Rev. Dr. R. Heber Newton and the Rev. A. G. Mortimer.

Waverly Republican Caucus.

The republicans of the township of Waverly are hereby requested to meet in caucus at Glendale school house on Saturday the 23d of March, at 2 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of putting in nomination candidates for the several township officers for the ensuing year, and for the purpose of electing five delegates to attend the republican county convention to be held at Lawrence on the fourth day of April 1884. By order of committee.



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Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Bloating, Distress, Constipation, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

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Miscellaneous Adv's.

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ATHLOPHOROS is put up with consummate skill, and contains nothing that can possibly harm the most delicate constitution.

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"Athlophoros" WILL Cure You

If you cannot get ATHLOPHOROS of your druggist, we will send it express paid, on receipt of regular price—one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it, do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us as directed.

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When you come to think of it, it is not odd that literary people prefer a pipe to a cigar. It is harder to smoke when they are writing, and ever so much cleaner. And then it gives them the true essence and flavor of the tobacco.

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